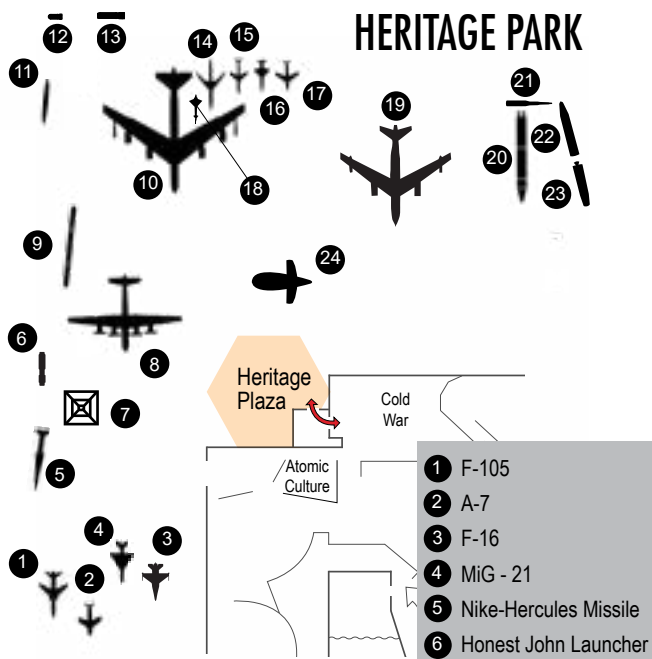


HERITAGE PARK



- 7 Trinity Tower Replica
- 8 B-29
- 9 Atomic Cannon
- 10 B-52
- 11 B-58 Hustler Fuel Pod
- 12 Mk53 Bomb
- 13 Mk17 Bomb
- 14 Snark Missile
- 15 Mace Missile
- 16 Bomarc Missile
- 17 Matador Missile
- 18 Hounddog Missile
- 19 B-47
- 20 Titan II Rocket
- 21 Minuteman Missile
- 22 Jupiter Missile
- 23 Thor Missile
- 24 James K. Polk Sub Sail

- 1 F-105
- 2 A-7
- 3 F-16
- 4 MiG - 21
- 5 Nike-Hercules Missile
- 6 Honest John Launcher

Our Mission

The mission of the National Museum of Nuclear Science & History is to serve as America's resource for nuclear history and science. The Museum presents exhibits and quality educational programs that show the individuals and events that shape the historical and technical context of the nuclear age. This includes early research of nuclear development to today's peaceful uses of the technology.

Nuclear Science Week

Nuclear Science Week is a national, broadly observed week-long celebration to focus local, regional, and national interest on all aspects of nuclear science. Each day will provide for learning about the contributions, innovations, and opportunities that can be found by exploring nuclear science. Celebrate Nuclear Science Week the third week of October each year. Learn more at www.nuclearscienceweek.org.

A Brief Atomic History

The National Museum of Nuclear Science & History opened its new, permanent home in southeast Albuquerque in 2009. The Museum was originally established in 1969 as the Sandia Atomic Museum to show the history of nuclear weapon development and to create better community relations between the military and the public. In 1973, the Museum changed its name to the National Atomic Museum to reflect the growing national and international audience. In 1991, the Museum was chartered by Congress to serve as the nation's repository and steward of nuclear-related historical items. The Museum closed its doors at Kirtland Air Force Base on September 11, 2001, due to heightened security measures on the base, forcing the Museum to move to a temporary location in Old Town, Albuquerque. It is a Smithsonian affiliate and the only national museum in the state of New Mexico.

How to Get Involved

By being a supporter of the Museum, you are becoming a member of a larger family of supporters who help keep our displays current, our programs of exceptional quality, and our operations state-of-the-art. Visit our website today to learn more about how you can make a difference at the only Congressionally-chartered museum about nuclear science and history.

Education Programs

Lifelong learning is the goal of the Museum. Quality education programs, both at the Museum and in the community, are available for people of all ages. Do you belong to a group who would like to know more about nuclear science or history? Book a tour! Are you a teacher who could use help representing chemistry, physics, or the history of our country's nuclear defense program? Plan a class trip! Call today for further information: 505-245-2137, extension 120, or visit www.nuclearmuseum.org.

National Museum of Nuclear Science & History

Address

601 Eubank Blvd SE
Albuquerque, NM 87123

Phone

(505) 245-2137

Website

www.nuclearmuseum.org

Hours

9 am - 5 pm
Open 361 days a year

Closed

Thanksgiving Day,
Christmas Day,
New Year's Day
and Easter

**Please visit
our website
for admission
prices.**

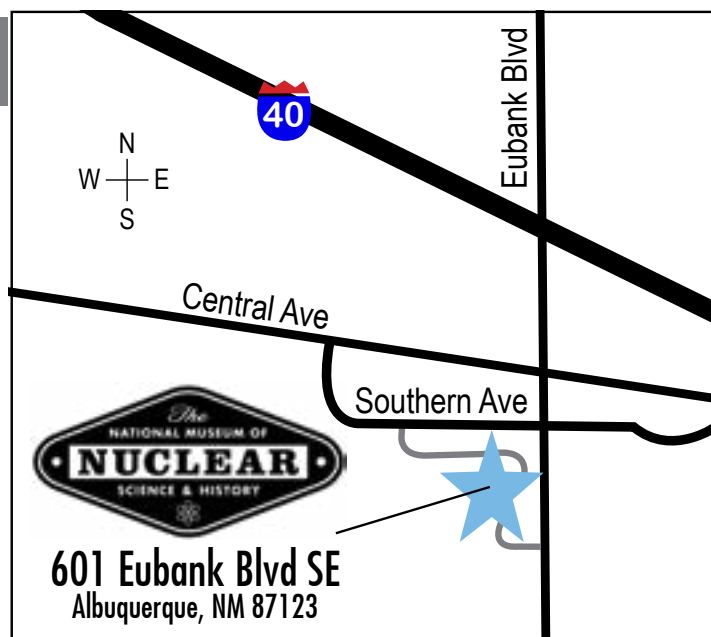
Photography

Photography is allowed in all parts of the Museum; please feel free to take as many pictures as you like.

Follow the National Museum of Nuclear Science & History:

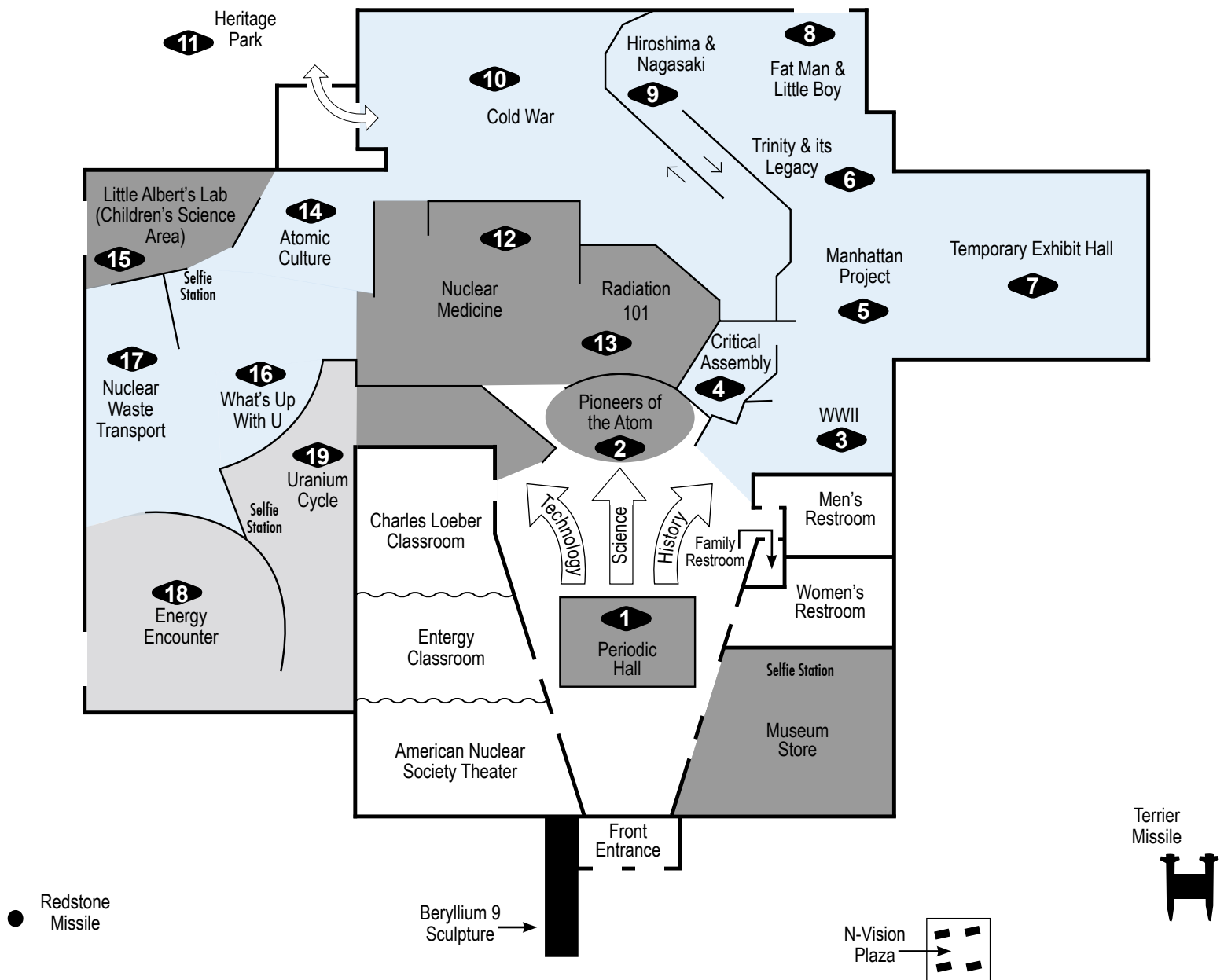


@nuclearmuseum
#nuclearmuseum



MAP GUIDE
YOU WON'T LEAVE THE WAY YOU CAME.





1 **Periodic Hall**
Marvel at the granite Periodic Table of the Elements in the floor of the foyer.

2 **Pioneers of the Atom**
Meet the individuals who questioned and defined the matter which makes up the universe. Use the interactive kiosk to trace the study of the atom.

3 **WWII**
Learn the history leading up to the creation and use of the atomic bomb and the countries that became involved.

4 **Critical Assembly**
This exhibit is a tableau based on the laboratory environment for the assembly of the first atomic bomb during the Manhattan Project.

5/6 **Manhattan Project/Trinity & its Legacy**
The dawn of the Atomic Age began with the design and testing of the world's first atomic bomb during the Manhattan Project. Peek into the daily lives of the scientists who lived at Los Alamos and journey with them to the Trinity site where the first explosion occurred in 1945.

7 **Temporary Exhibit Hall**
A display of the exhibits that we host on a temporary basis, which means if you visit us often enough, you'll see lots of different and exciting exhibits here!

8 **Fat Man and Little Boy**
See bomb casings of the famous atomic bombs dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Learn the difference between the two bomb types.

9 **Hiroshima & Nagasaki**
While the atomic bomb brought the war to a close, the after-effects of the bomb were felt for years in Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

10 **Cold War**
Explore the continuing political conflict existing after WWII. See an extensive collection of military weapons developed in the era.

11 **Heritage Park**
This 9-acre outdoor exhibit is complete with planes, rockets, missiles, cannons and nuclear submarine sail. (See other side for map to Heritage Park).

12 **Nuclear Medicine**
See the history of nuclear medicine and how it contributed to the advancement of medical technology.

13 **Radiation 101**
View sources of radiation including many household items that are naturally radioactive. Use the interactive kiosk to estimate your personal radiation.

14 **Atomic Pop Culture**
Every visitor will be entertained while viewing how American popular culture reflected the dawning of the Atomic Age!

15 **Little Albert's Lab**
In Little Albert's Lab, children of all ages can play and learn the concepts of physics, considered by many to be the basis of all sciences.

16 **What's Up With U**
An interactive exhibit explaining where uranium comes from, how it moves through the environment, how it affects us.

17 **Nuclear Waste Transportation**
View a TruPact II container, which is a type of transportation container used by the US Department of Energy (DOE) to transport transuranic waste.

18 **Energy Encounter**
Examine the options of green energy alternatives like solar and wind power along with the place nuclear power has in the world today.

19 **Uranium Cycle**
Learn about the steps in the process required to change uranium into a usable form for nuclear power plants or weapons as well as options for disposal and recycling.



nuclearmuseum.org